

Low Income Fare Update

Board Retreat
November 9, 2016

Project Background: Investigating the feasibility of a broader low-income fare program

- ❑ Framework for a Low Income Program
 - ❑ Sustainable
 - ❑ Meaningful
 - ❑ Targeted
 - ❑ Manageable

| Summer 2016 | Fall 2016 | Fall /Winter 2016 |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Research Low Income Fare Programs | Convene Regional Taskforce & Stakeholders | Complete Final Program Report |

Low Income Fare Taskforce Members

| Community Partners | Clackamas County | Multnomah County | Washington County | Area Legislators |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Oregon Food Bank | Commissioner Martha Schrader Clackamas County | Multnomah County Chair Deborah Kafoury | Commissioner Dick Schouten | Rep. Lew Frederick Senate District 22 |
| Coalition of Communities of Color | | | Mayor Denny Doyle Beaverton | Rep. Alissa Keny-Guyer District 46 |
| BTA / Street Trust | Mayor Mark Gamba Milwaukie | Commissioner Steve Novick City of Portland | | Rep. Mitch Greenland District 33 |
| APANO | | | Mayor Pete Truax Forest Grove | |
| OPAL | Commissioner Renate Mengelberg Oregon City | East County Representative | | Rep. Jeff Reardon District 48 |
| Ride Connection | | | | |

Peer Programs

- ❑ **Seattle ORCA LIFT**
- ❑ Tucson Economy Fare
- ❑ **Salt Lake City Horizon Pass**
- ❑ Santa Clara County UPLIFT
- ❑ **San Francisco Free Muni**

Seattle ORCA LIFT

- ❑ **Description:** discounted fares and monthly passes paid using stored value
- ❑ **Fare Discount:** 33%-50%
- ❑ **Program size:** August 2016: 35,000 registered; estimated 45-100,000 at completion
- ❑ **Source of program funding:** fare revenue loss covered from operating budget (Fare increase adopted separately)
- ❑ **Eligibility:** at/below 200% Federal Poverty Level
- ❑ **Means Testing:** community partners
- ❑ **Lessons learned:** leverage community partners to reach low income populations and manage program costs

Salt Lake City Horizon Pass

- ❑ **Description:** riders who receive welfare benefits from the state may use funds in their EBT accounts to purchase monthly passes
- ❑ **Fare Discount:** 25%
- ❑ **Program size:** N/A
- ❑ **Source of program funding:** riders' EBT benefits
- ❑ **Eligibility:** welfare recipient with funds on EBT card
- ❑ **Means Testing:** retail location
- ❑ **Lessons learned:** enabling direct use of welfare benefits has eliminated need for means testing; program only offers discounted monthly passes and does not address needs of less frequent riders

San Francisco Free Muni

- ❑ **Description:** free Muni for low income and moderate income youth and seniors & persons with disabilities with use of smart card
- ❑ **Fare Discount:** 100%
- ❑ **Program size:**
 - ❑ 32,000 participants in initial Free Muni for Youth pilot
 - ❑ In month prior to launch of Free Muni for Seniors & Persons with Disabilities, 38,000 participants
- ❑ **Source of program funding:** funds from MPO and Google, remainder absorbed as lost fare revenue
- ❑ **Eligibility:** 100% Area Median Income
- ❑ **Means Testing:** self-certified application sent to SFMTA
- ❑ **Lessons learned:** absence of income verification has led to fraud, fare inspectors have confiscated student passes being used by adults

Estimating the potential program cost of a regional low income fare program has many variables

What is the eligibility Threshold?

What is the expected enrollment rate?

What is the level of subsidy 30%, 50%,70%?

What is the number of total trips affected?

What is the average fare outcome of the change?

How will transit use affect the overall cost?

| Household Size | Federal Poverty Level (FPL), 2016 | 150% FPL | 185% FPL | 200% FPL |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 | \$11,880 | \$17,820 | \$21,978 | \$23,760 |
| 2 | \$16,020 | \$24,030 | \$29,637 | \$32,040 |
| 3 | \$20,160 | \$30,240 | \$37,296 | \$40,320 |
| 4 | \$24,300 | \$36,450 | \$44,955 | \$48,600 |
| 5 | \$28,440 | \$42,660 | \$52,614 | \$56,880 |
| 6 | \$32,580 | \$48,870 | \$60,273 | \$65,160 |
| % TriMet Dist. Population | 15% | 24% | 30% | 32% |

Potential Fare Subsidy Costs

- ❑ Fare revenue loss: \$1.8M-\$11.5M
- ❑ Estimated administrative cost could run between 1.5 and 3 million
- ❑ Assumptions:
 - ❑ Adoption rate: 25%-50%
 - ❑ Fare elasticity: -0.2
 - (10% decrease in fare results ~2% increase in ridership)

| | 150% FPL Threshold | 185% FPL Threshold | 200% FPL Threshold |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 30% Discount (\$70 Monthly, \$1.75 Ticket) | \$1.8-3.5M | \$2.3-4.4M | \$2.3-4.5M |
| 50% Discount (\$50 Monthly, \$1.25 Ticket) | \$3.0-\$6.1M | \$3.8-7.4M | \$3.9-7.6M |
| 70% Discount (\$30 Monthly, \$0.75 Ticket) | \$4.6-9.3M | \$5.7-11.2M | \$5.8-\$11.5M |

Next Steps

- ❑ Four Nines complete final deliverables
 - Summary of potential program funding sources
 - Final program report
- ❑ Finalize estimate of high-level administrative costs and program administrative models
- ❑ Convene task force to review research, program models, eligibility thresholds, cost estimates, and develop local program recommendations

Total Avg Weekly Ridership

- 5 x Avg Wkday Boarding Rides
- Avg Saturday Boarding Rides
- Avg Sunday Boarding Rides



Rider Market Segmentation

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold



Total Ridership □ by Total Avg Weekly Ridership

On-Board Survey Data Weighting *

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/below or Above Threshold
- Including only Willing, Valid, TriMet Rider Responses

Total Ridership by Rider Market

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold



Pass Sales

- Rider Category
- Fare Type

Weighting of Boarding Rides

$$\text{FINAL WEIGHT Boardings}_{\text{Survey}} * \frac{\text{Avg Boarding Rides}_{\text{Day Type}}}{\sum_{\text{Day Type}} \text{FINAL WEIGHT Boardings}}$$

where

$$\text{FINAL WEIGHT Boardings}_{\text{Survey}} = \frac{\text{FINAL WEIGHT}_{\text{Survey}}}{\text{Weight Transfer}_{\text{Survey}}}$$

Fare by Rider Market

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold



Pass Usage Rates

- Rider Category
- Fare Type

Existing Average Fare by Rider Market

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold

Revenue Adjustment Factor

$$\frac{\text{Reported Fare Revenue}}{\sum \text{Calculated Fare Revenue by Rider Market}} - 1$$

Existing Average Fare by Rider Market

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold



Total Ridership by Rider Market

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold



Total Ridership by Rider Market

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold



Total Fare Revenue by Rider Market

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold



Revenue Adjustment Factor

Arc Elasticity for Δ Average Fare

$$\frac{(\text{Avg Fare}_{\text{existing}} + \text{Avg Fare}_{\text{new}}) + \eta (\text{Avg Fare}_{\text{new}} - \text{Avg Fare}_{\text{existing}})}{(\text{Avg Fare}_{\text{existing}} + \text{Avg Fare}_{\text{new}}) - \eta (\text{Avg Fare}_{\text{new}} - \text{Avg Fare}_{\text{existing}})}$$

where η = fare elasticity

Arc Elasticity for Δ Average Fare *

* Capped Average Fare for Single 2-½ Hour Ticket and Book of 10 2-½ Hour Tickets for riders who make more than the breakeven number of trips per week to reflect impacts of fare capping on fare revenue.

New Total Ridership by Rider Market

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold

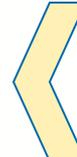


New Average Fare by Rider Market

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold



New Total Fare Revenue



New Total Fare Revenue by Rider Market

- Rider Category
- Fare Type
- At/Below or Above Threshold



Revenue Adjustment Factor